



ACUTE SERVICES REDESIGN

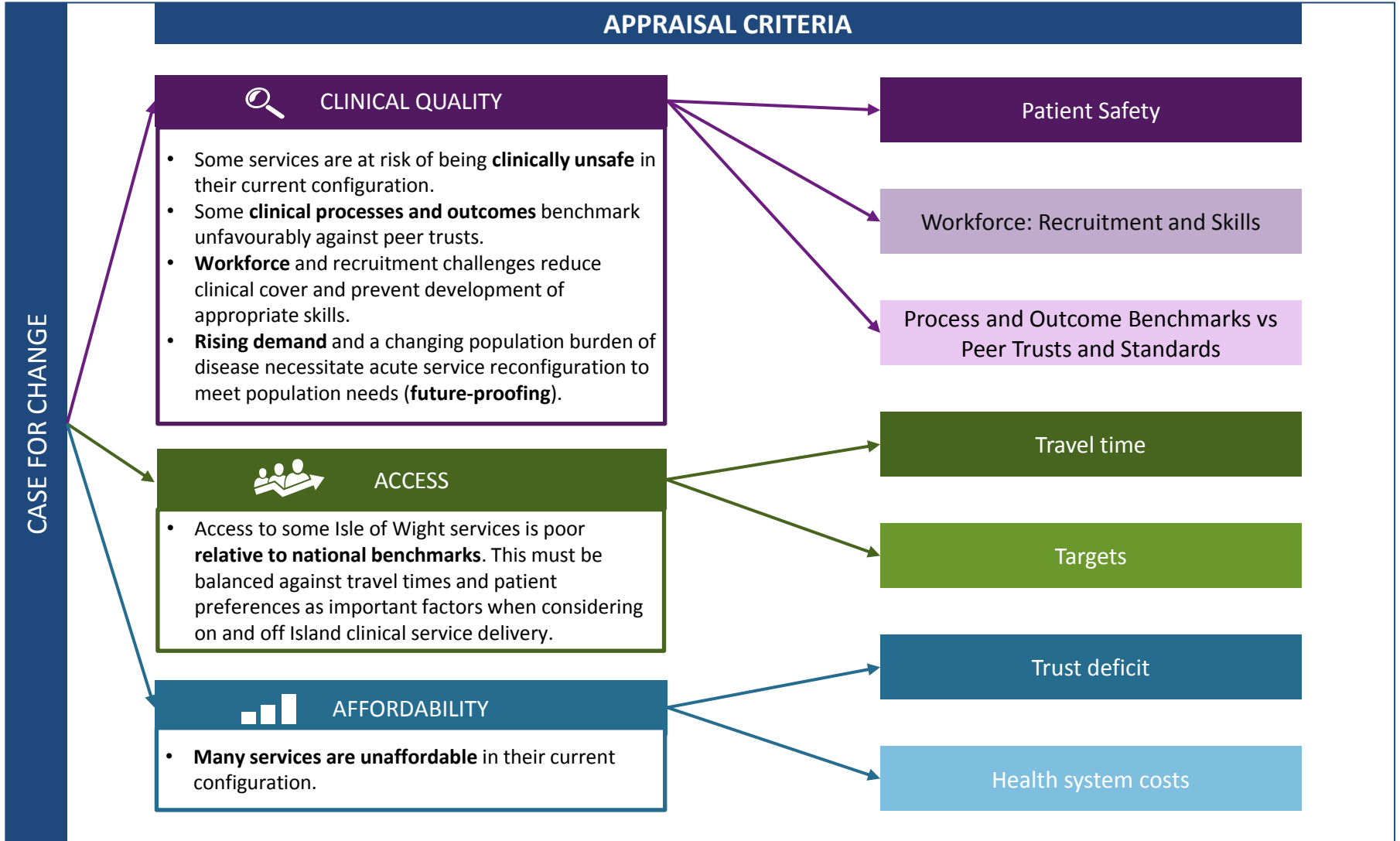
Patient Council

13 March 2017

Background

1. The Isle of Wight NHS Trust is currently failing to deliver on many fronts, is under scrutiny from its regulators and is disadvantaging patients.
2. It has undergone several **service reviews** but struggled to enact the recommendations, partly as a result of the processes not being internally owned or clinically led.
3. The recommendations of previous reviews have failed to recognise the unique circumstances of the island
 - Sizable population only few miles off the South Coast
 - Several days per year when it is geographically isolated
 - **Two** easily accessible large hospitals who share our off-island services
4. STP Clinical Reviews have been halted pending the **Acute Services Redesign**
 - Clinically lead with project support
 - The desired outcome is to define what sustainable services look like for the island

CASE FOR CHANGE FOR ACUTE SERVICES



SUMMARY OF THE CASE FOR CHANGE FOR ACUTE SERVICES SIGNIFICANT CHALLENGES IN ALL DOMAINS

Domain	RAG	Sub-Domain	RAG
CLINICAL QUALITY	Red	Patient Safety	Amber
		Workforce: Recruitment and Skills	Red
		Process and Outcome Benchmarks vs Peer Trusts and Standards	Amber
ACCESS	Amber	Travel time	TBC*
		Targets	Amber
AFFORDABILITY	Red	Trust deficit	Red
		Health system costs	TBC*

Key:

Red	Relative High Risk
Amber	Relative Medium risk
Green	Relative Low Risk

* Domain in itself not a case for change parameter, but domain will be relevant to include for scoring against for potential redesign options.

Key Issues

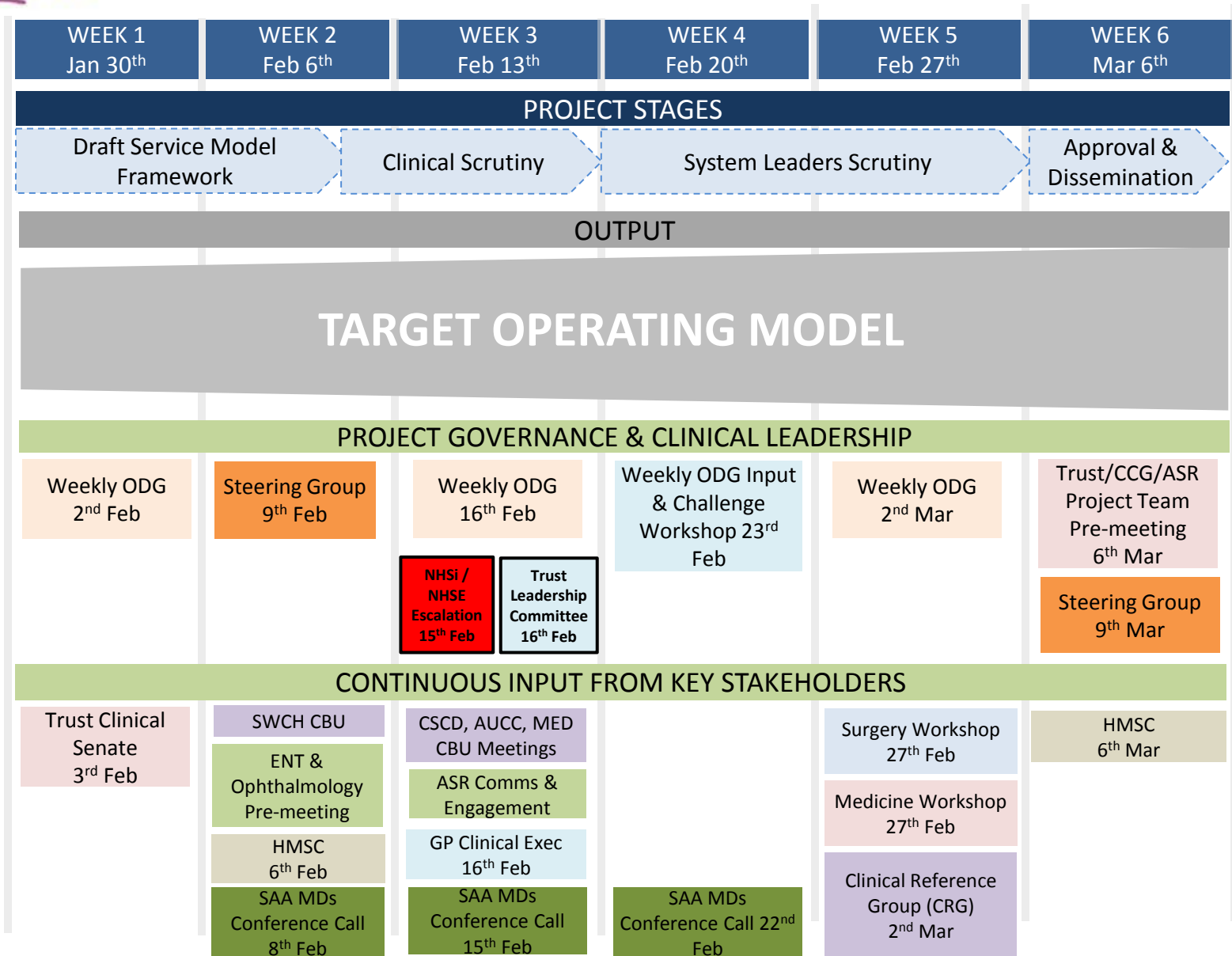
The **unique island setting** requires a careful consideration of patient safety when requiring a service reconfiguration that involves patients transfers.

The provision of **off-island services** need to take account of the willingness and ability of another provider to take on the extra activity.

The provision of **in-reach services** need to take account the additional costs of a **mobile workforce**

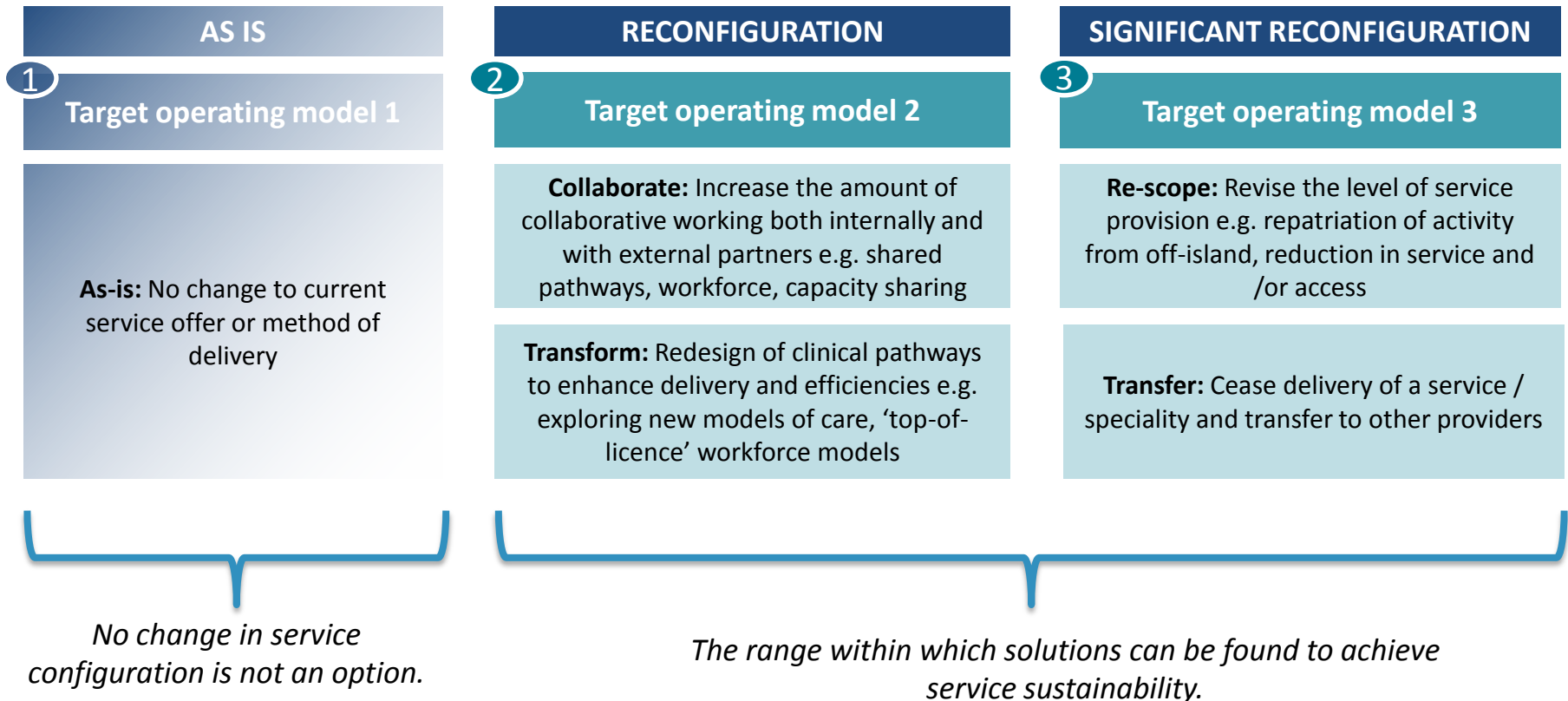
The provision of **community services** requires a trained and available workforce

PHASE 1: ACTIVITIES CONDUCTED



TARGET OPERATING MODEL OPTIONS: 'AS IS' SERVICE CONFIGURATION IS NOT SUSTAINABLE

- The consultant body is strongly in agreement with the assertion that 'no change' (TOM 1) is **not an option**.
- Thus 2 target operating models (TOMs) have been developed that define a **range of potential options** to reconfigure each service to achieve sustainability, where some services may require more radical choices than others.
- For each individual speciality, redesign options need to fall within the range established by Target Operating Models 2 & 3



CLARIFYING THE PURPOSE OF THE TARGET OPERATING MODEL AS OUTPUT OF ASR PHASE 1

The Target Operating Model...	The Target Operating Model is not...
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ...is a list of potential solutions for how the acute services could change. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ...the final blueprint for acute service delivery.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ...is a range of potential options for each service to achieve sustainability, where some services may require more radical choices than others. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ...a binary choice between the two target operating models for all services.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ...sets the overall direction for achieving individual speciality sustainability in phase 2. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ...a prescription of the target operating model on the speciality level.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ... takes into account affordability ensuring that potential solutions improve the financial position of the trust and/or system. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ...a solution to the entire trust and/or system wide deficit. • ...a description of the cost improvement programmes that will be required to meet the financial deficit.

TARGET OPERATING MODEL OPTIONS

KEY ACUTE SERVICES	REVISED TARGET OPERATING MODEL 2: RECONFIGURATION	REVISED TARGET OPERATING MODEL 3: SIGNIFICANT RECONFIGURATION
	TRANSFORMATION OF SERVICE SCOPE AND DELIVERY	(PARTIAL) TRANSFER OF SERVICE DELIVERY
A&E (EMERGENCY MEDICINE)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Service transformation with a focus on admission avoidance and rapid transfer to alliance partner. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 24/7 GP led urgent care centre. Rapid transfer through emergency service to mainland providers as required.
ACUTE MEDICAL INTAKE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Re-designed ambulatory care provision to support 24h ambulatory care with in-reach support from medical specialties. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No acute intake. Day case medical treatment and diagnostics. Outpatient medical services.
ACUTE (ADULT) SURGICAL INTAKE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cease some elements of elective / emergency surgical activity. Joint appointments to secure viable rotas to maintain on-call services. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No acute intake. Day case surgical treatment and diagnostics. Outpatient surgical services.
ADULT CRITICAL CARE (INTENSIVE CARE)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flexible ICU/HDU bed numbers and staffing with an improved local network. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Close critical care unit. Option to retain HDU beds for stabilisation and transfer purposes.
CARDIOLOGY (NON-INTERVENTIONAL)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In-reach support to MAU and ambulatory care. Service reconfiguration with focus on collaborative working models. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Outpatient cardiac rehabilitation unit. Day case medical treatment and diagnostics. Outpatient medical services.
ACUTE STROKE UNIT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Redesign of stroke treatment protocols enabling rapid transfer of hyperacute patients suitable for intervention. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transfer of all hyper- acute patients through emergency services to mainland.
CONSULTANT LED OBSTETRIC SERVICES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Movement from a Level 3 to Level 2 NICU service with concomitant redesign of obstetric protocols ensuring patients are treated at the right place and the right time. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Midwifery led obstetrics unit. High-risk pregnancy managed through in-reach services with off-island delivery. Rapid transfer through emergency services to mainland providers as required.
ACUTE (NON-SPECIALISED) PAEDIATRICS AND PAEDIATRIC SURGERY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 12 hour paediatric assessment unit co-located with inpatient ward with reduced bed base. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Paediatric urgent care No paediatric surgery emergency service. Rapid transfer through emergency service pathways to mainland services as required.

The range within which solutions can be found to achieve service sustainability.

NEXT STEPS – PHASE 2

	W5 Feb 27 th	W6 Mar 6 th	W7 Mar 13 th	W8 Mar 20 th	W 9 Mar 27 th	W10 April 3 rd	W11 April 10 th	W12 April 17 th	W13 April 24 th	W14 May 1 st	W15 May 8 th
	Project Stages										
	Steering Group 9 th March	Weekly ODG 16 th March	Weekly ODG 23 rd March	Weekly ODG 30 th March	Weekly ODG 30 th March	Weekly ODG 23 rd March	Steering Group 13 th April	Weekly ODG 20 th April	Weekly ODG 27 th April	Weekly ODG 4 th May	Steering Group 11 th May
Urology 27 th Feb 14:00 – 16:00	Haematology (1) 8 th March 12:30 – 14:30 SP	Urology (TBC) 13 th Mar 09:00 – 11:00 MP	Obs & Gynae (1) 20 th March 14:00 – 16:00 SP	ENT (2) 31 st March 09:00 – 11:00 MP	Specialty Medicine (2) 4 th April 15:00 – 17:00 MP	Obs & Gynae (2) 10 th April 14:00 – 16:00 SP			ENT (3) 24 th April 14:00 – 16:00 SP	Specialty Medicine (3) 3 rd May 14:30 – 16:30 MP	Obs & Gynae (3) 8 th May 14:00 – 16:00 SP
Testing Framework with Urology	GI (Cancer) Surgery (1) 8 th March 14:30 – 16:30 SP	Specialty Medicine (1) 14 th March 10:00 – 12:00 MP	Anaesthetics (1) 22 nd March 12:30 – 14:30 SP	Haematology (2) 29 th March 11:00 – 13:00 MP	Paediatrics (2) 5 th April 12:30 – 14:30 SP	Anaesthetics (2) 12 th April 12:30 – 14:30 SP			Haematology (3) 26 th April 12:30 – 14:30 SP	Paediatrics (3) 3 May 12:30 – 14:30 SP	Anaesthetics (3) 10 th May 12:30 – 14:30 SP
	Acute Medicine (1) 10 th March 14:00 – 16:00 MP	Paediatrics (1) 15 th March 12:30 – 14:30 SP	Radiology (1) 22 nd March 14:30 – 16:30 SP		Ophthalmology (2) 3 rd April 14:00 – 16:00 SP	Radiology (2) 12 th April 14:30 – 16:30 SP	ASR Workshop Testing Event 20 th April		GI /General (Cancer) Surgery (3) 26 th April 14:30 – 16:30 SP	Ophthalmology (3) 2 nd May 14:00 – 16:00 SP	Radiology (3) 10 th May 14:30 16:30 SP
		Ophthalmology (1) 13 th March 14:00 – 16:00 SP		Acute Medicine (2) 28 th March 14:30 – 16:30 MP	Orthopaedics (2) 5 th April 14:30 – 16:30 SP				Acute Medicine (3) 25 th April 14:30 – 16:30 MP	Orthopaedics (3) 3 rd May 14:30 – 16:30 SP	
Clinical Reference Group – 2 nd March		Orthopaedics (1) 15 th March 14:30 – 16:30 SP	Trust Leadership Committee – 23 rd March		Clinical Reference Group – 30 th March						Clinical Reference Group – 11 th May
		ENT (1) 17 th March 14:00 – 16:00 SP				GI (Cancer) Surgery (2) 7 th April 09:00 – 11:00 MP					

PHASE 2 ASR: INDIVIDUAL SPECIALTY REVIEWS (ISR) OVERALL METHODOLOGY

The same method and outputs as phase 1

- A case for change, TOM options and appraisals will be produced for the highest volume (group of) pathways (top 3-5) in the speciality.

12 specialties are included

- There will be 3 meetings held per ISR (36 meetings in total).
- Specialities to be reviewed: *Urology, ENT, Acute Medicine, Speciality Medicine, Gastro-intestinal & General Surgery, Radiology, Anaesthesiology, Haematology, Obstetrics & Gynaecology, Paediatrics, Ophthalmology and Orthopaedic Surgery.*
- ISR participants will include speciality clinical leads, operational leads and nursing and quality leads with input provided from the Isle of Wight CCG, Solent Acute Alliance Partners and GP representatives.

Patient voice representation

- Proposal:
 - Patient voice to be explicitly considered in Meeting 1 of the ISRs through an agenda item discussing patient experience as it pertains to each speciality and through a discussion on patient experience when defining core services offered by specialities.
 - A HealthWatch volunteer to attend ISR Meeting 2 to represent patient voice.
 - Representatives at the ASR workshop testing event (20th April) from HealthWatch, Community Action, People Matter, the Isle of Wight youth council and the 3 locality town and parish councils.

PHASE 2 ASR: MEETING PLAN

ISR MEETING 1 8-22ND MARCH

- Meeting Attendees:
 - Clinical leads, operational Lead, nursing and quality lead.
- Activities and Outputs
 - Review phase 1 output and place ISR within the scope of the TOMs.
 - Validate data packs and ISR case for change.

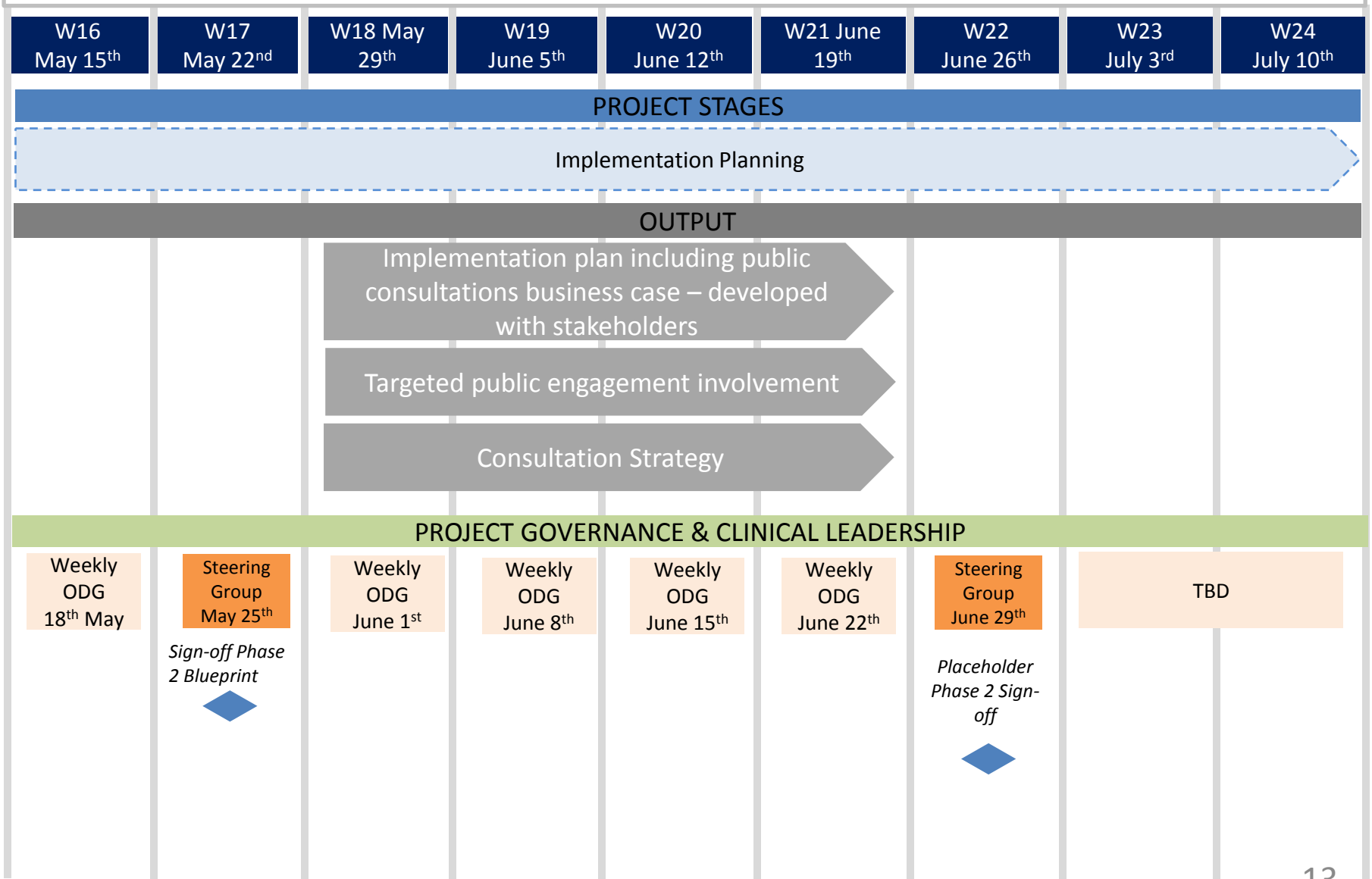
ISR MEETING 2 28TH MARCH -12TH APRIL

- Meeting Attendees:
 - Clinical leads, operational lead, nursing and quality lead, GP representative, SAA representative, patient voice champion.
- Activities and Outputs
 - Identify the decisions, resources, co-dependencies and enablers required to resolve sustainability issues in the delivery of core services (answer the case for change).
 - Map proposals for the future core service offering against phase 1 TOMs.
 - Develop high level implementation plan for speciality redesign through RACI (responsible, accountable, consulted, informed) matrix.

ISR MEETING 3 24TH APRIL – 12TH MAY

- Meeting Attendees:
 - As for meeting 3.
- Activities and Outputs
 - Final phase 2 output consensus and sign off by participants.

PHASE 3 PROJECT PLAN



PHASE 4 PROJECT PLAN

JULY

AUGUST

SEPTEMBER

OCTOBER

NOVEMBER

DECEMBER

PROJECT STAGES

Implementation Preparation

OUTPUT

Public Consultations

Develop Decisions-making Business Case

Gov. approval

Finale Preparation for Implementation starting Jan 2018

PROJECT GOVERNANCE & CLINICAL LEADERSHIP

Governance Structure TBD

ASR Project Governance

